

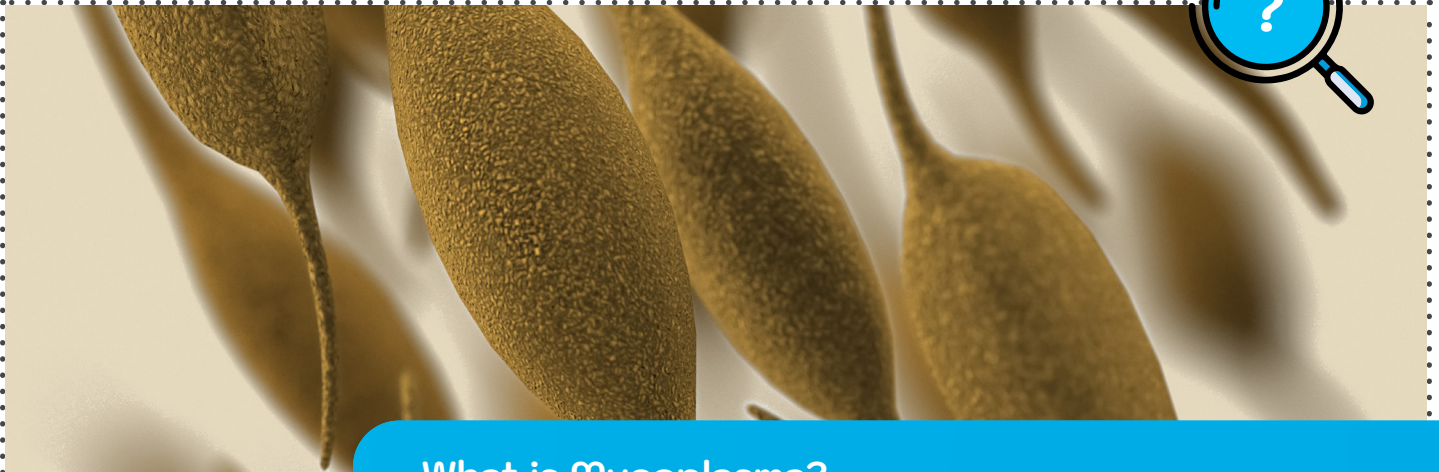


Unneed2know
sexually transmitted infections

STI Information Sheet Mycoplasma

STI Information Sheet

Mycoplasma



What is Mycoplasma?

Ureaplasma is a group of bacteria that inhabit the urinary and reproductive tracts in our bodies.

How do you get Mycoplasma?

It's passed on through unprotected sex (sex without a condom) and is particularly common in sexually active people.



Symptoms

Symptoms in men can include:

- Pain when peeing.
- White discharge from the tip of the penis.
- Burning or itching in the urethra (the tube that carries urine out of the body)
- Discomfort or discharge from your anus – if you have had anal sex
- Pain in the testicles.



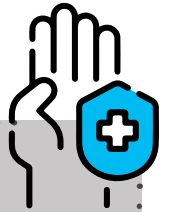
Symptoms

Symptoms in men can include:

- Pain when peeing.
- Unusual vaginal discharge.
- Pain in the tummy or pelvis.
- Pain during sex.
- Bleeding after sex.
- Painful bleeding between periods
- Discomfort or discharge from your bum – if you have had anal sex.

Treatment

This is usually treated with a short course of antibiotics to kill the bacteria that caused the infection.



Preventing Mycoplasma



Anyone who's sexually active can catch Mycoplasma.

You're most at risk if you have a new sexual partner or do not use a barrier method of contraception, such as a condom, when having sex.

You can help to prevent the spread of Mycoplasma by:

- ✓ Using a condom every time you have vaginal or anal sex.
- ✓ Not sharing sex toys.
- ✓ If you do share sex toys, wash them or cover them with a new condom between each person who uses them.